yesterday's article— We endeavored, in our remarks, yester

We endeavored, in our remarks, yesterday, to show, that the constitution grants the possession of ALL the legislative powers enumerated in that instrument, to the absolute control and care of the Federal Congress. control and care of the Federal Congress, and that the part to be performed by the President, before a law can go into effect, is a purely executive act and not a legisla-

But, there is another view of the subject. which, we think, ought not to be lost sight which, we are sure, cannot be contravened by the advocates of a unumvirute, and that is, that the legislative, executive and judicial powers granted by the constitution are homogeneous—in other words, that the feileral legislature exercises none but legislative powers, the federal executive none but executive powers and the federal judiciary none but judicial powers. To say, that the President exercises a legislative function, in approving or disapproving law is as untenable, as to say that th Federal Supreme Court exercises a legislative function, when it pronounces a law to be unconstitutional and therefore no longer of effect. Will any one say, that such judgment, on the part of the United States Supreme Court, is an executive act? Surely made it,-no more, no less. act, just as much the exercise of an execu-But in executing their high functions as conductors of the public press, they will not forget the digit ty nor the amenities due to their position.—Union yesterday. tive function, as to say that an act of the executive is a legislative function. Upon the same principle, we do not consider the part assigned by the constitution to the Federal Senate, in advising and consenting to the appointments of federal executive officers, an executive function, though we are aware, it has been and still is so considered and treated by the Senate itself. We regard it as a legislative function, a

esterday.

The above is extracted from the next prospectus of the Union published in that paper of yesterday, signed by Mr. Ritchie and his new adjunct, Mr. EDMUND BURKE, late Commissioner of Patents, whose adven-into the field of political journalism, we cordially welcome. We say, we welcome his advent into this field, because, whatever else much so as is advising and consenting to the passage of a bill into a law. The President we may meet with from his pen, we are sure, that the Union will hereafter contain gins an executive act, by laying before ideas, for the utter absence of which it ha the Senate a nomination of an individual for a given office. The Senate deliberate upon been distinguished since the 4th of March last. But though our neighbor promise nomination, go through all the forms of law-making upon it, and conclude their de-liberations upon it as they do, when a bill is before them for adoption or rejection. They are masters of the mode of considering nowell, under the new arrangement, if the character of the prospectus is to be a criterion of the manner in which the Union i to be conducted, we fear, the junction of the Archbishop and Bundlecund does not promise much for the cause of editorial digminations for executive office, as they are for considering bills which they or the House of Representatives inchoate. They cannot take any part in the executive act of nominanity and amenity. In this prospectus, w find President TAYLOR indirectly charged tion, any more than the President can in the act of law-making. Their consent is made with abdicating "his high powers and his responsibilities to an irresponsible cabal, un-der the name of a cabinet," and directly acas the President's consent is required, in certain cases, before a law can go into effect. They express their consent or dissent to the effectiveness of a nomination by the process incident to the making of laws, and the President expresses his assent or dissent—not to the passage of a law—but to its going into effect, by the process incident to the execution of laws. Indeed, we have always questioned, whether an executive power; "and with being the process incident to the contempt to the execution of laws. In the execution of laws. In the execution of laws. In the effective will, and of perfect to the open of a law entry to the execution of laws. In the execution of laws and the execution of laws. In the execution of laws are the execution of laws. In the execution of laws are the execution of laws. In the execution of laws are the execution of laws. In the execution of laws are the execution of laws. In the execution of laws were found to the contract of the execution of laws. In the execution of laws are the execution of laws. In the execution of laws are the execution of laws. In the execution of laws are the execution of laws. In the execution of laws are the execution of laws are the execution of laws. In the execution of laws are the execution of laws are the execution of laws. In the execution of laws are the execution of laws are the execution of laws. In the execution of laws are the execution of laws are the execution of laws. In the execution of laws are the execution of laws. In the execution of laws are the execution of laws are the execution of laws. In the execution of laws are the execution of laws are the execution of laws. In the execution of laws are the execu necessary in certain cases, before a nomina fective will, and, it may be, secresy. Thes things cannot be combined in two or more men. And according to the same view, the making of laws would seem to demand, from the force of the objects sought to be achieved.

sary to accomplish the purpose intended.-Deliberation, interchange of opinions, de-lay, perfecting of a Bill, and indeed the

respecting the necessity of committing the

the Constitution, as strictly divided between

the legislative, the executive and the judi-

cial, that is, that every thing which the

the letter and the spirit of the constitution

The moment that one department of it be-

So that, ex vitermini, we are inclin-

We publish the following gratifying infor-mation of the progress of reform, in the Phi-ladelphia Custom House, from the Pennsylvanian, for the especial edification of the old and the new editor of the Union. Our hope is, they will be able to bear the infliction with philosophic resignation and fortitude.

As to what the Pennsylvanian says and has it is united in the great work of devalution. whole process of law-making absolutely require the presence of a number of men.— The same observations, we think, hold true

Address of Gen. TAYLOR.

THE AXE OF WILLIAM D. LEWIS !!-"Gen. Taylor hutes, loothes proscription!"-but his Collector at Philadelphia, WILLIAM D. LEWIS, does not, as the following list of removals from office on Saturday last, abundantly proves.

Weigher.—Benjamin Midlin.

Gungers.—Alex. Diamond, Henry D. Lentz.

Measurers.—Richard Bacon, George Hergenheimer, Robert McCulloch, George Snyder.

Clerks.—Stephen B. Kingston, Ellis B. Schmble, Daniel T. Jenks, Joseph T. Thomson, S. J. Pearson. ed to regard the powers of government by

cial,—that is, that every thing which the legislative has to do, is legislative, that every thing which the executive has to do, is Richmond; Miles N. Carpenter, E. V. E. bert Ford, H. J. Fourgray, J. T. Hadden. executive, and the same of the judicial.

It is, only, in our opinion, by a strict adherence to this doctrine, that this government can ever be administered according to be better, John Najers, John N

the letter and the spirit of the constitution. The moment that one department of it begins to consider, that its powers are not single, are multiform, are combined by executive, legislative and judicial, that moment will usurpation begin. Each department can only be kept in its prescribed orbit, by considering and treating its powers as exclusively and separately legislative, executively. When the surface is the surface in the surface is the surface is gins to consider, that its powers are not

considering and treating its powers as ex-clusively and separately legislative, execu-tive or judicial. The favorite idea of the in-

clusively and separately legislative, execu-tive or judicial. The favorite idea of the in-dependence of the co-ordinate departments dependence of the co-ordinate departments

dependence of the co-ordinate departments of the government, has its origin in this doctrine we are endeavoring to elucidate. It was reduced to successful practice by Wash and Taylor has revived it. Each department of the government, that is, the legislative, the executive, and the judicial, so far as the action of the executive is concerned, will be permitted to act independently of each other. Hitherto, the executive department has been the only disturbing force in operation, to retard or accelerate the motion of the other departments in their constitutional orbits. It will be so no longer. Gen. Taylor, before he was elected, avowed to the country, that he would keep the executives of the football constitutions and the subscriptions of the subscription of the other departments and the subscription of the other departments of the subscription of the other departments of the subscription of the other department of the subscription of the subscription of the other department o

has done so, and he will be the last man to violate his promise. Congress and the judi-cipry will be left by him to pursue the tenor of their course. None of the responsibili-ties, which the constitution has assigned to each department, will be interfered with by the executive. He will not be a unumvirate. He will not be a President-King. He will Congress approved March 1, 1817. We

He will not be a Fresident-Rieg. He will be execute the constitution and the laws, and there stop. Congress will find itself occupying a position, which it has not occupied since the advent of Jackson—that of being the supreme law-maker of the federal Union, so far as the provisions of the federal Union, so far as the provisions of the federal charter gives it jurisdiction. If it shall refuse to exercise its powers for the benefit of its constituents, it will be responsible, not to the

thought, that those gentlemen were Democrats in heart, soul, body and brains!

The Italian artists now in this city, in spite of the gloomy weather and the rain, which has been falling since Monday noon, have created quite a furor among the dillettanti, by their excellent representations of the Barber of Seville and Clara de Rosemburg. We have rarely seen these beautiful operas done better, considering the disadvantage under which the artists labored, for want of a proper theatre. The house is utterly destructive of the voice, and it is impossible to arrive at a correct judgment of the true character of the powers of these singers.

Their fame had, however, gone before them, and the public control of the chimney, and the public control of the chimney, and the public control of the chimney. With this execution is to the true character of the powers of these singers.

Their fame had, however, gone before the control of the chimney and the public control of the chimney. With this execution is the same of the chimney are sentenced to the course of the sentenced the course of the same of the chimney. With this execution is the falling of the chimney, and some selding. true character of the powers of these singers.

Their fame had, however, gone before them, and the public gave them a warm welcome. Patti's silver-toned notes, Lietti Rossi's rich contralto, Corsi's well managed haritone, and the inimitable Sanquirico's busso cuntante will long be rem: 16.

The weeding of Mr. W. L. Young was the extinct in the course and was soon relieved of its roof, chimney, and some subject some counting seriously injured by the chimney. With this exception, I believe no accident to any person occupied, although the course of the were occupied by families with children. Great damage has been done. Sentered fragments of the week of property may be serior and property may be serior and property the proof of nearly two miles, strewing the ground.—Detroit Advertiser. basso cantante will long be rem:m-bered. We had heard of Sanquirico's vis bered. We had heard of Sanquirico's vis comica, and we are decidedly of opinion, that he is the best Italian buffo ever in this country. To-night is advertised to be their last, but we hope they will be induced to tarry and give us Cenerentols, which, we are sure, will draw a crowded house.

the Administration. In every sense of policy and principle it is a "unit"—it is united by patriotic impulses in administering the government for the best interests of the people—it is united by a common principle in reviving the purity of the "earlier Presidents". As to what the Pennsylvanian says and has to say upon these reforms, we have nothing to reply. It has answered itself in the quotation which it has made from the Inaugural Address of Gen. Taylor. The Axx of William D. Lewis 'I.-«Gen. Taylor for hutes, loathes, proscription."—but his Collector at Philadelphis, William D. Lewis 'does not, so the following lated removals from office on Saturday last, Weigher.—Benjamin Midio. of the greatest number—it is united in compromising conflicting interests, and in harmonizing the action of government, so as to dispense the benefits of legislation equally and fairly—it is united in encouraging domestic industry, in providing a sound and stable currency, in securing honest and efficient officers, and discharging its trusts so wisely and well, that every act will count wisely and well, that every act will court strict investigation, and stand upon its own merits to vindicate the Administration.

friends.—Phila. Amer.

The Minister from the Roman Republic.
That well known and highly entermed Indian gentleman, Felix Foresti, a resident of the city for about ten years, has just received, the appointment of Minister for the Republic of Rome for the United States. No other man could have been found so well qualified for this historiate long, for which he has been prepared, alike by his pure and evalled character, superior education, a long course of sufferings in prison for his devotion to the liberty of Italy, and an intinute acquaintrance with our institutions and society. No man has ever acquired among us a more extensive circle of friends, or conciliated a more general respect for his accomplishments and virtues. Being implicated in the affairs of Lombardy in 1820, he was condemned to imprisonment for Italy, among whom he was conspicuous for this equanimity and indomitable spirit. He arrived here with Count Confideria and others, on their release by Austria, under a sentence of perpetual banishment, and has ever maintained the character of a warm, intelligent and distinceved friend of Italy, whose cupus he has nobly sustained, amidst affithe changes of the world and the conflicts of opinion.—New York Express.

Nevent.—Com. Stoat paid a visit of imposition to

NAVAL.—Com. Stoat paid a visit of inspection to the U.S. raree Independence, Lieut, Richard Page, commanding, bering the broad penant of Com. Wm. Branford Simbrick, on Saturday morning, We learn that the ahip is in very fine order, and that her condition reflects great credit on her officers and

- We perceive, that the New York En- TO THE EDITOR OF THE NATIONAL WHI

so far as the provisions of the federal charter gives it jurisdiction. If it shall refuse to expected to manufacture of the benefit of its constituents, it will be responsible, not to the President or a party, but to the whole people. The federal judiciary, too, will find it self more free in its action, than it has been since the year 1826. It will experience the absence of that executive influence, which has been exerted against and upon every thing and every man, more or less, directly or indirectly, for the last twenty years. The reduction of the federal executive power to its just limits, is one of the greatest reforms needed by this republic, and the nation may be assured, that it has a President will. He has not divested, will not divest, the executive office of a single one of its just powers.

The latest telegraphic despatches received from Europe, do not confirm the statued as the well not dwarf it, has not first to all not dwarf it, has not first to all usurpations, and make will the constitution and the legal meaning of the term just—he will not dwarf it, has not first to all usurpations, and make will the constitution and the leave have a constitution and t

DESTRUCTIVE TORNADO.—This age was visited by a most viole

DAILY NATIONAL WHIG,

CHARLES W. FENTON, D'See first page for prospectno

D. G. FENTON, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW. Praire du Chien, Wisconsin.

A USTIN'S MAGIC FREEZER, FOR THE PREPARATION OF ICE CREAM, WATER ICES, pg. parquied September 190, 1888. The distinguished

nersite of this apparators are "Co. 1998. The desinguished mersite of this apparators are "Co. 1998. The desinguished mersite of this apparators are "Co. 1. The actorishing rapidity of the process of freezing becomes at the cream during the process of freezing becomes at the cream during the process of freezing becomes delicated on the process of the cream during the control and believes of flavors, for which the fee Gream of our best confectioners is no highly principal."

3. It thousand require a tenth part of the labor that the common freezing high the production of the control of

may 30—216 E. C. & G. F. DYER, Auctioneers.
BY F., C., & G. F. DYERE, A net-flowerre,
CPHENDID BOSEWGOD, MARIOGANY, OAR, AND
BERGY, PUNNTURE: SIJVER, SIJVER, SIJVER, PLATED
AND CHINA WARE; CHINESSE VASES; PAINTINGS,
AC, AT AECTION, by CALISION.

OB THOSHY mortain, May 29th, at the credence of W.
OS THOSHY mortain, May 29th, at the credence of W.
OS THOSHY of the Company of the Lister residence of Souther Johnson, of Leutiniana, we shall proceed to sell all the valuable homeshold effects therein, commissing in part of
Superh Fruident Embrasande. Chambruse Chairs, with
virt is list damank and velved coverings;
Silk damask coveryings;
Silk damask coveryings;
Rosewood Cabinet dee Minereaux;
Rosewood Cabinet dee Minereaux; A li does its work better, producing a better stricle in every respect than by any other mode.

5. There is a considerable swing in ke, as the tub needs no resplantating during the operation.

The naive of tentinguish from the proprietor of the "Having witnessed the process at freezing tee Cream in Austin's Maier Persest, two quarts of Cream having been frozen in the incressible short time of six minutes, I cheerfully recommend its the public."

Entaw House, Baltimore, May 15, 1848, may 20—2awlm.

Pennsylvania avenue.



ADAMS & GO.'S EXPRESS.

Office, Pessneyteenin oversue, near Resilvand Depot,
This public are respectfully informed that we continue to
This out engines between Washington, Baltimone, Philadelphia, New York, Boolon, and all the principal cities and
towns, for the safe and speedy conveyance of merchandles
Parfeedum riteration will be past for the collection and parment of notes, trash, abile, &c.
Conton-house entries at Buston, New York, Philastenias

BY TELEGRAPH.

dan, that a muliny had occurred and attempted hip, in consequence of the recapture and attempted anishment of a number of deserters, who had attempted to go to the gold region. Commodors that succeeded in quelling the mulineers, an

W. G. DINESTAND AT LAW,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
BEGS LEAVE to amounce to his friends and the publi
that his connection with the National White, as his se
Editor, does not interfere in any assume with his profit
sional engagemen in. He will be happy in artend to a
sional engagemen in the will be happy in artend to a
sional engagemen.

MERCHANTS from the SOUTH and WEST w

M be amply recompensed by on CASH, by calling at the WINDOW SHADE DEPOT CARPET, OIL CLOTH & WINDOW SHADE DEPOT Not. B & 28, North Second Street, Philadelphia, Not. B & 28, North Second Steet, Philadelphia, Second Steet, one door below Christ Church

New 1: § 2), North Second Street, Philadelphia, Second fieur, one door below Cariet Church.

300 pieces of Wilton, Hrmeels, Imperial, Jagrain, Dans sk and Venitists Carpetings, with Oil Ciotis, Mats, Raga ooking Glasses, Blinde, Window Shadea and Mattings Vholenale and Retail, VERY LOW.

A CARD - Owing to the inclementy of the weather, our sale announced for Tuesday, 20th May, at the residence of W. G. Sarreims, Eq., on Missouri avenue, is postponed until Thursday norming, 31st inst. at which tune, dended could form the sale of the style of Louis XIV.

The parkors are furnished with rare and valuable art The parkors are furnished with rare and valuable art judgment and taste in selection, and the chamber displa-tications consist the selection be house, or at the ac-curations covered for street and Penn's avenue, may 30—218 — K. C. & G. F. DVER, Auctionerer.

lk damaskeoverings ; sewood Cabinet des Minercaux ; Do. do Sofa Table, Antique, with marb

April 21-ti

Correspondence of the National Who

Correspondence of the National What
Cincipnart, May 25—6 P. M.
The Board of Health report fourteen new cases ar
wo deaths, by cholera, since yesterday,
May 26,6 P. M.—The Board of Health repoeven new cases and four deaths from cholera, fothe past twenty-four hours ending at noon to-day.

Correspondence of the National Whig.

New Your, May 29, 2 P. M.
weather continues to be exceedingly disagree
ad out-door operations are consequently ex-

Correspondence of the National Whig.

MONTHEAL May 28.

MOSTREAL May 29.

The loss of the ship Maria is fully confirmed.
Out of one hundred and eleven passengers, only nine
in all, including three of the crew, were saved. All
the rest found a watery grave. The survivors landed at Quebec on Friday last.

Affairs are quiet and no further signs of dis-

son. — Ward.—Far Alderman—John W For Common Council—Willard Drake, Joel Downe For Register—William J. McCormick. For Collector—Jame F. Habiday. For Streeper—Railadolph Coeli-For Accessor—Daniel of Coeli-

supported at the ensuing election, by NUMEROUS VOYERS OF ALL THE WARDS.

City Collector. Mr. Jone Hages, of the

ROBERT J. WALKER
WILL PRACTISE LAW IN THE SUPREME COURT

STATIONERY

do blotting paper do blotting paper and small, buff

do write
10 poncis tinen twine
10 the gun arabic
300 quite Col
300 quite Col
300 quite Col
300 col
300

2 de sen ink, red and black, in quarte
2 do pounds India rubber, perarete, ficesfyens' a
3 do pounds
dozen pounds hozes, ivory
degen and boxes, ecoco
do penknives, #blates, Rogers & Soms
do do 2 blates, do
do regarets,
do de regarets,
do to very folders
do water stamps
do paire paper shares, Rogers & Sons, 6 incl. b
pair

pair 6 pitra paper shears, Rogera & Sona, 64 mch blade, pe pair 1 dogen comera

I dozen cinnera

PRINTING.

Blanks on treiting paper, 4
Dend size, broadside, per quive

Do halledner 16.

Folio, poet, broadside, per quive

Folio, poet, broadside, per quive

Bo one page, do

Guario-poet, one page, do

do do do do do

do do do do

do do do do

do do do

do do do

do do do

do do do

do do do

do do do

fuel do do do

do do do do

fuel do do do do

fuel do do do do

do do do do

fuel do do do beveive

For composition, per thousand enas for anall pica

Bo do do beveive

For parso-work and paper, per token, for coyal

BOOK BINDING.

Lester-books, per volume

Recoul of patents, (manuscrops,) per volt.

Rosewood Catonet des Minercans;

Do. do Sofa Tables, Audigne, with martile
Ver, large China Vasee;
Leony Couting Chaire; Ebony Bout and Vase Standi;
Circular Mirror; Malogany Ladies Work Standi;
Malogany martile top Polental;
Mahogany martile top Polental;
Horaconi; Totlet Tables and Washitanich;
Horquin; Totlet Tables and Washitanich;
Polentalis Tables and Blari Martinesee;
Thoughe Santon 2 July Carpett, Stair Carpette;
Superior Peather Heils and Hair Mattreasee;
Toughts with a well-selected pairety of chataber and kitchen furniture, stores, &c.
The whole will be arranged when a more particular description will be given by catalogue; and the house open spirit or commence at 10 octock;
Terms—20 and under, cash, over 200 and under, 100, 2 and 4 more, over 1010, 2 and 5 more, over 1010, 2 and 6 more, rettle for roles an instanctority emboroed, bearing interest.

Inst 22—6. (Union).

The above Sale, owing to the Inclementer of the BOOK BINDIAN
Letter-books, per volume
Record of patents, (manuscrips,) per vol.
Records of samgnasets
do
Records of samgnasets
Commissioner of Patent may 22-ts C. & G. F. DYER, Auctioneers, The above Sale, using to the inclemency of the scatter, is possponed until THURSDAY, the Mar inst. when I feet, the Sale will positively take place. [m80-st]

City Intelligence.

ere was all day yesterday much exciten the Navy Yard, and it was the opinion of many-creet persons that Mr. Hartington would act p dently by withdrawing, for a time, from that port of the city.

BLS-Sold by all the Druggias in this city and through the country. Price 35 cents per bottle. GEO. E. STANTON & CO.

hen, DC; G II Proule, Me

e Hotel - A Sanquirico, E Romei Corei and lady, N ti and lady, do: R R Wallach, D C; Orrin Balley Mass; A L Jackson, Vt.

Post Office in Washington D.

Pool Office in Washington D. C. Great Bastern Mail from Bailmore, Philadelphia, w York, Hoston, &c. and Baffalo, &c., will now be be by 9 o'clock A. M., daily, and the Mail to be sent in office, to and by those places will be closed, as office, to M., daily, and the Mail will be sent so different Mail will be closed, bernefter, daily at 8. A. M., and will be received, as heretology, daily by

Eastern Mail and Great Western Mail are re M., and closed at 9 P. M., daily. The Mai and at this office on Sunday is be sent beyond Baltimore, is

The Mosii for Annapolis, Maryland and Norfolk and adja-cent places in Virginia in closed every night, except Satur-day, at 9 P. M., and is received ask times a week, with a Mall from Baltimore, Maryland, by 12M.

The Mall from Georgetows, D. C. is received rwinefalally by 3 A. M., and 5 P. M., and it is closed for that place at the earth boars.

The Mail from Georgedown, D., is received viscogasity by S.A.M., and it is closed for that place at the same lateral control of the place of the place at the same lateral control from Backville, &c., Md., is received Monlay Wednesday, and Friday, of each week hy 6 P. M., and it is closed for those places at 9 P. M. of the same days.

The Mail from Brookville, &c., Md.; is received typ5 P. M. of Wednesday and Saturday, such week, and closed for those places and Saturday, such week, and closed for these places and Saturday, such week, and closed for the places and the same days at 9 P. M. of the places and the same days at 9 P. M. of the places and the same days at 9 P. M. of the places are days at 9 P. M. of the places and the same days at 9 P. M. of the places are days at 9 P. M. of the places and the same days at 9 P. M. of the places are days at 9 P. M. of the places are days at 9 P. M. of the places are days at 9 P. M. Monday, we chosen and places are days at 9 P. M. Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Levelour, &c., V. P. received by and closed at 3 P. M. Monday, Wednesday and Priday.

Levelour, &c., V. P. received by and closed at 3 P. M. Monday, Wednesday and Priday.

Levelour, &c., V. P. received by and closed at 3 P. M. Monday, Wednesday and Friday and Priday.

Levelour, &c., V. P. received by and closed at 3 P. M. Monday, M. C. The postage on network places and the primed for the places and the places an

Poor Overen, Washington, May 21, 1920.—1

[Treasury Department, March 10, 1840.—
DIRISUMATO to be previous contained in the first section
of an act of Conferen entitled "An act making approximations for the year ending the thritisth of June, eighteen
numeral and fifty, and for other purposes," approved
Marchal, 1911, 1920 for other purposes, "approved
Marchal, 1911, 1920 for other purposes, "approved
Marchal, 1911, 1920, may be issued, numer the mild section of the act of Congress entitled." An act to make fire
simplest time an additional sufflars, force, and for other
purposes," approved February 11, 1911, will upon the precentation of the same at the Treasure of the United Sales
be redecimed and paid, on the sale first day of 499, 1919,
and that all interpret of south series of the Price Sales
be redecimed and paid, on the sale first day of 499, 1919,
and that all interpret of south series of the Price Sales
berredecimed and paid, on the sale first day of 499, 1919,
and that all interpret of south series of the Price Sales
berredecimed and paid, on the sale first day of 1919, 1919,

Mar 13-dBmif Secretary of the Pressury
TATH SUSCONATION by the received a resist make of

Mar 13—dibnif W. M. MEREDTH.

Socretary of the Treasury

HAR INVIGORATOR. Just received a freely disck

Barry's Pricopherous, Guerlain's Re Luntrale, and Coord's Luntrale, all of which was reduced and the second control of the second control may 17-